

## 95314 to 95344—Continued.

**95321. GYROSTEMON RAMULOSUS** Desf.  
Phytolaccaceae.

An erect bushy somewhat fleshy shrub 3 to 8 feet high, native to Australia. The linear-terete leaves are 1 to 3 inches long, and the small, inconspicuous flowers are axillary on reflexed pedicels.

**95322. HAKEA LAURINA** R. Br. Proteaceae.  
*Sea-urohin hakea.*

A tall Australian shrub up to 30 feet high, remarkable for its showy crimson flowers. These are in globular heads, about 2 inches in diameter, from which numerous golden styles protrude an inch or so in all directions.

For previous introduction see 76919.

**95323. HAKEA MULTILINEATA** Meissn.  
Proteaceae.

This tall Australian shrub is closely related to *Hakea laurina*, differing only in the venation of the leaves, the oblong shape of the flower cluster, and other minor characters.

For previous introduction see 64484.

**95324. HELIPTERUM MANGLESII** (Benth.)  
F. Muell. Asteraceae.

An erect annual 1 to 2 feet high, native to Australia and related to the everlasting flowers. The ovate-oblong leaves clasp the stem with rounded auricles, and the rays of the showy flower heads vary from pale to rich pink, with deep purple at the base.

**95325 to 95327. HIBISCUS** spp. Malvaceae.

**95325. HIBISCUS** sp.

The rosemallows are herbs, shrubs, or trees, usually stellate pubescent, with variously divided leaves and large showy flowers.

**95326. HIBISCUS DRUMMONDII** Turcz.

A slender branching shrub with short rigid stellate hairs. The coarsely toothed leaves are divided into three linear-oblong segments 1 inch long, and the rather large purple flowers are borne in the axils of the upper leaves. It is native to Western Australia.

**95327. HIBISCUS HUEGELII** Endl.

A tall shrub, native to Australia, with 3 to 5 lobed, coarsely toothed leaves 1 to 3 inches long and large violet-purple flowers.

**95328. LACHNOSTACHYS WALCOTTII** F.  
Muell. Verbenaceae.

A tall shrub with all parts covered with a soft cottony wool. The thick oblong-linear leaves, 1 to 2 inches long, have revolute margins, and the small flowers, each a woolly ball one-twelfth inch in diameter, are crowded in dense corymbose panicles. Native to Western Australia.

**95329. LESCHENAULTIA LINARIOIDES** DC.  
Goodeniaceae.

A shrub, either prostrate or several feet high, with the branches incurved at the end, slender leaves about one-half inch long, and leafy corymbs of rather large flowers. The tubular corolla is 2-lipped, the upper lobe is short and reddish, while the winged lower lip, nearly an inch long, is yellowish green. It is native to Western Australia.

## 95314 to 95344—Continued.

**95330. MARIANTHUS RINGENS** F. Muell.  
Pittosporaceae.

A climbing shrub with coriaceous entire linear-lanceolate leaves 2 inches long and dense terminal corymbs of red flowers. The oblique petals, nearly an inch long, have an obovate spreading blade and long erect claws. It is native to Western Australia.

**95331 to 95333. MELALEUCA** spp. Myrtaceae.

**95331. MELALEUCA ELLIPTICA** Labill.

A tall evergreen shrub, native to Western Australia, with elliptical evergreen leaves half an inch long and cylindrical spikes of large showy red flowers.

For previous introduction see 90713.

**95332. MELALEUCA HYPERICIFOLIA** J. E. Smith. Dotted melaleuca.

A tall glabrous shrub with opposite lanceolate leaves 1 to 2 inches long, dotted beneath. The rich-red flowers are borne in dense spikes 2 inches long and nearly as wide. It is native to Australia.

For previous introduction see 90714.

**95333. MELALEUCA RADULA** Lindl.

A tall bushy shrub with opposite linear concave leaves up to 2 inches long and rather large pink or white flowers in pairs at the bases of the branchlets. Native to Western Australia.

For previous introduction see 67082.

**95334. PILEANTHUS FILIFOLIUS** Meissn.  
Myrtaceae.

An erect branching heathlike shrub with linear terete or 3-angled leaves less than half an inch long. The small axillary flowers are on pedicels half an inch long, and have a yellow calyx and pink petals. It is native to Western Australia.

**95335. PITYRODIA OLDFIELDII** F. Muell.  
Verbenaceae.

An erect shrub 2 to 3 feet high, with the branches and leaves covered with a dense woolly tomentum. The opposite leaves, 1 to 2 inches long, are broadly ovate with undulate margins. The pink flowers, nearly an inch long, are in axillary clusters of one to three. Native to Western Australia.

**95336. PITYRODIA VERBASCINA** F. Muell.  
Verbenaceae.

A stout erect shrub densely clothed with woolly tomentum, like *Pityrodia oldfieldii*, but the wool is golden or orange red.

**95337. PULTENAEA** sp. Fabaceae.

The pultenaeas are Australian leguminous shrubs with simple usually alternate leaves and pea-shaped yellow-orange to purple flowers in leafy clusters at the ends of the branches.

**95338. EUCARYA SPICATA** (R. Br.) Sprag. and Summ. (*Santalum spicatum* A. DC.) Santalaceae.

A shrub or tree from 9 to 25 feet high, with dark-green coriaceous lanceolate to obovate leaves 3 to 5 inches long. The small fragrant flowers are in